

**IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE DISTRICT OF SOUTH CAROLINA**

Donald Boland, and Dellann Boland,	)	Civil No. 2:04-22757-DCN-GCK
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	<b><u>ORDER</u></b>
	)	
College of Charleston; MUSC;	)	
G. Bryan Hospital; and State of South Carolina,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	
_____	)	

Donald Boland, Dellann Boland, and Doe 1-10,	)	Civil No. 9:04-22931-DCN-GCK
	)	
Plaintiffs,	)	
	)	
vs.	)	<b><u>ORDER</u></b>
	)	
J. Wiley Dickerson, MD; Beaufort Memorial	)	
Hospital; South Carolina Department of Social	)	
Services; South Carolina Department of Mental	)	
Health; State of South Carolina; and Does 1-100,	)	
	)	
Defendants.	)	
_____	)	

The above referenced cases are before this court upon the magistrate judge's recommendation that these cases be dismissed without prejudice for failure of service.

This Court is charged with conducting a de novo review of any portion of the magistrate judge's report to which a specific objection is registered, and may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the recommendations contained in that report. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). However, absent prompt objection by a dissatisfied party, it appears that Congress did not intend for the

district court to review the factual and legal conclusions of the magistrate judge. Thomas v Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985). Additionally, any party who fails to file timely, written objections to the magistrate judge's report pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1) waives the right to raise those objections at the appellate court level. United States v. Schronce, 727 F.2d 91 (4th Cir. 1984), cert. denied, 467 U.S. 1208 (1984 ).<sup>1</sup> No objections have been filed to the magistrate judge's report and recommendation.

A de novo review of the record indicates that the magistrate judge's report accurately summarizes this case and the applicable law. Accordingly, the magistrate judge's report and recommendation is affirmed and these cases are **dismissed** without prejudice for failure of service.

**AND IT IS SO ORDERED.**

s/David C. Norton  
David C. Norton  
United States District Judge

Charleston, South Carolina  
April 25, 2005

**NOTICE OF RIGHT TO APPEAL**

The parties are hereby notified that any right to appeal this Order is governed by Rules 3 and 4 of the Federal Rules of Appellate Procedure.

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<sup>1</sup>In Wright v. Collins, 766 F.2d 841 (4th Cir. 1985), the court held "that a pro se litigant must receive fair notification of the consequences of failure to object to a magistrate judge's report before such a procedural default will result in waiver of the right to appeal. The notice must be 'sufficiently understandable to one in appellant's circumstances fairly to appraise him of what is required.'" Id. at 846. Plaintiff was advised in a clear manner that his objections had to be filed within ten (10) days, and he received notice of the consequences at the appellate level of his failure to object to the magistrate judge's report.